# SPECTRAL OBSERVATIONS OF FAINT MARKARIAN GALAXIES OF THE SECOND BYURAKAN SURVEY. II.

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## ABSTRACT

We continue the program of spectroscopic observations of objects from the Second Byurakan Survey (SBS). This survey contains more than 1300 galaxies and 1700 star-like objects with  $m_{pg} < 19.$ <sup>m</sup>5. Our work is aimed towards the construction of a complete sample of faint Markarian galaxies. Here, we present spectroscopic data for 43 galaxies. Amongst them six new Seyfert galaxies are found, namely two Sy 1 type (SBS 1343+544 and SBS 1433+500), one Sy 2 type (SBS 1620+545) and three likely Sy 2 type galaxies (SBS 1205+556,

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SBS 1344+527, SBS 1436+597). SBS 1343+544 falls into the luminosity gap between low-redshift QSOs and high luminosity Sefert galaxies. In the sample studied here, another 36 emission-line galaxies were spectroscopically confirmed. Thus far, 102 SBS galaxies brighter than 17.5 have been observed with the Cananea 2.1m GHO telescope.

The apparent magnitude and redshift distributions, the spectral classification, the relative intensities of emission lines, and other parameters, as well as slit spectra for all 43 observed galaxies are presented.

### 1. INTRODUCTION

In order to built a complete sample of Markarian galaxies up to  $m_{pg} < 17^m$  contained in the Second Byurakan Survey sample (Markarian & Stepanian 1983, 1984a, b; Markarian, Stepanian & Erastova 1985, 1986; Stepanian, Lipovetsky & Erastova 1988, 1990, Stepanian 1994), a follow-up spectral study of the selected objects is required. Our work is aimed toward this goal.

While high resolution spectral observations of faint objects are being carried out, primarily with the 6 m telescope at SAO in Russia (Stepanian *et al.* 1993 and references therein), observations of relatively brighter objects are carried out with 2.1 m GHO telescope in México. So far, hundreds of QSOs, Seyfert galaxies, Emission Line Galaxies (ELGs), Blue Compact Dwarf Galaxies (BCDGs), as well as some peculiar stars have already been found in the SBS sample.

This long term project shall allow us to compile the first complete sample of faint  $(m_{pg} < 17^m)$  Seyfert and AGN galaxies. Such sample, shall also allow us to construct the Luminosity Function of AGN and UVX galaxies out to a distance of about 500 Mpc.

In a previous paper (Carrasco *et al.* 1997, Paper I) the results of the follow-up spectroscopy of 59 SBS galaxies were presented. In that subsample, five new Seyfert galaxies were found and 51 emission line galaxies were confirmed.

In the present paper we report on the results of the follow-up spectroscopic observations of another 43 relatively bright galaxies (15.0 - 17.5) from the SBS sample. These observations make part of an ongoing effort to obtain the data required by the scientific goals outlined above. There is also a general interest in increasing the sample of known Seyfert and AGN galaxies.

## 2. OBSERVATIONS

For our project, two observing runs in March and April 1997 were allocated at Guillermo Haro Observatory of INAOE in Cananea, México. Observations were carried out with the 2.1 m telescope and the LFOSC spectrophotometer equipped with a  $600 \times 400$  pixel CCD. A set up covering the spectral range of 4000-7100Å was adopted. The effective instrumental spectral resolution was about  $11\text{\AA}$ .

The journal of observations is presented in Table 1. In consecutive columns the following data are listed: 1 – the SBS designation (1950.0 epoch) 2-3 – the 2000.0 epoch coordinates as measured by Stepanian *et al.* (in preparation). These are accurate to about  $\pm 1$  arcsec, 4 – an eye estimated  $m_{pg}$  magnitude with an accuracy of about  $\pm 0.5$ , 5 – the SBS spectral class, 6 –the date of observation, 7 – the exposure time, 8 – an alternative designation of the object when available.

## 3. DATA REDUCTION AND RESULTS

The usual data reduction procedures – cosmic ray hits removal, bias and flat field corrections, wavelength linearization and flux calibration – were carried out with the IRAF reduction package for observations, carried out in March, 1997. While observations carried out in April, 1997 were reduced with software packages developed at the Special Astrophysical Observatory, Russia (Vlasyuk 1993).

The integrated emission line fluxes were determined with the help of the spectral analysis software package developed by Vlasyuk (private communication) at the Special Astrophysical Observatory. This software determines the best-fit Gaussian profile for every line and is capable of deblending closely spaced lines, as is the case of  $H_{\alpha}$  6563 Å and the [NII] 6548, 6583 Å lines. In our case, this blending is due to the combined effects of the spectral resolution of the spectrometer and the intrinsic width of the emission lines of the objects.

For every galaxy in our sample, the value of the dust reddening coefficient  $c(H_{\beta})$  was determined from the observed ratio of  $I(H_{\alpha})/I(H_{\beta})$ , assuming that the intrinsic ratio of  $F(H_{\alpha})/F(H_{\beta})$  is given by:

$$F(H_{\alpha})/F(H_{\beta}) = I(H_{\alpha})/I(H_{\beta}) \times 10^{c(H\beta)f(\lambda)}$$

where  $f(\lambda)$  is listed by Kaler (1976) for a standard galactic reddening law (Whitford 1958).

The values of  $c(H_{\beta})$  were computed by assuming that the intrinsic ratio of  $F(H_{\alpha})/F(H_{\beta}) = 2.85$  for narrow line emission galaxies, and is equal to 3.1 for Sy 2's, and for narrow line components of Sy 1.5 (Veilleux & Osterbrock, 1987).

The results of spectral observations are presented in Table 2, in which the following data are given:

- 1 The SBS designation.
- 2 The emission line redshift, derived as mean value of redshifts of strong emission lines, corrected for solar motion:

$$\Delta z = 0.001 \sin l^{II} \cos b^{II}$$

3 – The absolute magnitude  $M_{pg}$  given by the expression:

$$M_{pg} = m_{pg} - 5\log(z) - 43.01 - 0.24 \ cosec \ b^{II}$$

for 
$$H_0 = 75 \ km \ s^{-1} \ Mpc^{-1}$$
.

- 4 The reddening coefficient  $c(H_{\beta})$ .
- 5 The  $(H_{\beta})$  equivalent width  $EW(H_{\beta})$ .
- 6-10 The logarithms of the observed and reddening corrected relative intensities, normalized to  $H_{\beta}$  or to  $H_{\alpha}$  when  $H_{\beta}$  is absent. The uncertainty in intensity ratios for strong emission lines reported here is less than 30%.
- 11 Spectral type. The Seyfert type, when marked ":" refers to an ambiguous spectral classification.

In the sample studied here, two Seyfert 1 type galaxies – SBS 1343+544 and SBS 1433+500 – were found. The spectrum of SBS 1343+544 shows broad hydrogen emission lines,  $H_{\beta}$  (FWHM ~ 8000 km/s) and  $H_{\gamma}$  (FWHM ~ 7000 km/s). While in the spectrum of SBS 1433+500 the broad emission line FWHM  $H_{\beta}$  ~ 5000 km/s is evident. In both cases there is narrow [O III] emission.

SBS 1620+545 – has a spectrum typical of Seyfert 2 type galaxies. Three other objects, SBS 1205+556, SBS 1344+527 and SBS 1436+597, most likely are also Seyfert 2 type galaxies.

Mkn 1488 (SBS 1359+521C), presents in its spectrum only the MgIb and NaD absorption lines.

The magnitude and redshift distributions of the entire sample of SBS galaxies and those of the subsample observed in Cananea (including data from Paper I), are presented

in Figures 1 and 2 respectively.

The diagnostic classification diagrams based on emission line ratios (Veilleux and Osterbrock 1987) for the studied objects, including the objects reported in Paper I, are presented in Figures 3(a) and 3(b).

Plots of the spectra of the observed objects are presented in Figures 4 through 6.

### 4. CONCLUSIONS

The results of the spectrophotometric observations of 43 SBS galaxies made with the Cananea 2.1 m telescope in March 1997 and April 1997 are presented.

Among the objects observed, three new Seyfert galaxies were found. These are two Seyfert 1 type galaxies, SBS 1343+544 and SBS 1433+500, one Seyfert 2 type galaxy, SBS 1620+545. Another three galaxies – SBS 1205+556, SBS 1344+527, and 1436+597 – are probably also Seyfert 2 type objects. In total 42 emission-line galaxies, and one absorption line galaxy were spectroscopically confirmed.

SBS 1343+544 falls in the gap between low-redshift QSOs and higher luminosity Seyfert galaxies, probably meaning that it is a transition object.

Spectral classification, redshifts, relative intensities of the prominent emission lines, as well as other parameters were determined for all 42 emission line galaxies.

#### 5. ACKNOWLEGEMENTS

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## **Figure Captions**

- Fig. 1.— The histograms of the stellar magnitude distributions of the whole SBS sample and of the galaxies observed in Cananea.
- Fig. 2.— The histograms of the redshift distributions of the SBS sample with available spectroscopic data and of the galaxies observed in Cananea.
- Fig. 3.— Emission line ratio classification diagrams. The solid line marks the boundary between "HII-region-like" galaxies and AGNs.
- Fig. 4.— Plots of the spectra of the observed galaxies in relative flux units. Wavelengths in Angstroms.
- Fig. 5.— Plots of the spectra of the observed galaxies in relative flux units. Wavelengths in Angstroms.
- Fig. 6.— Plots of the spectra of the observed galaxies in relative flux units. Wavelengths in Angstroms.

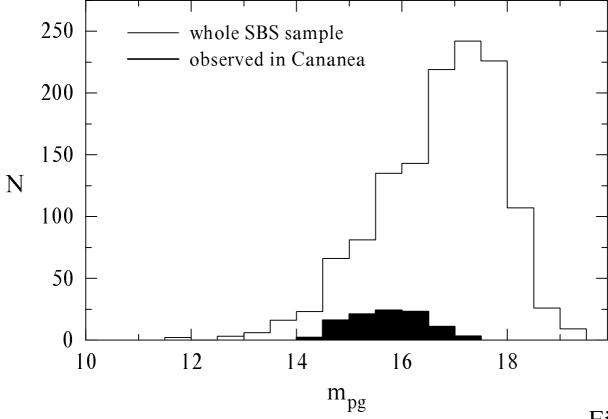


Fig. 1.

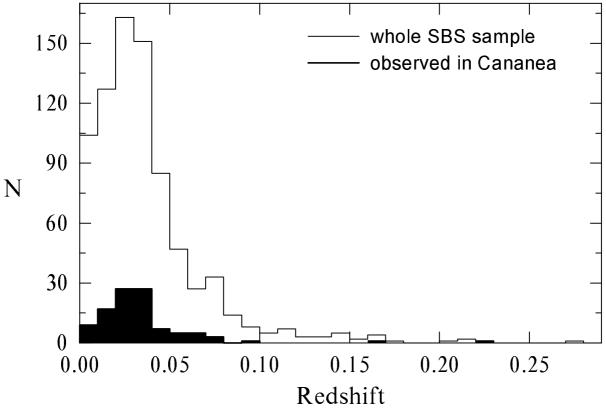


Fig. 2.

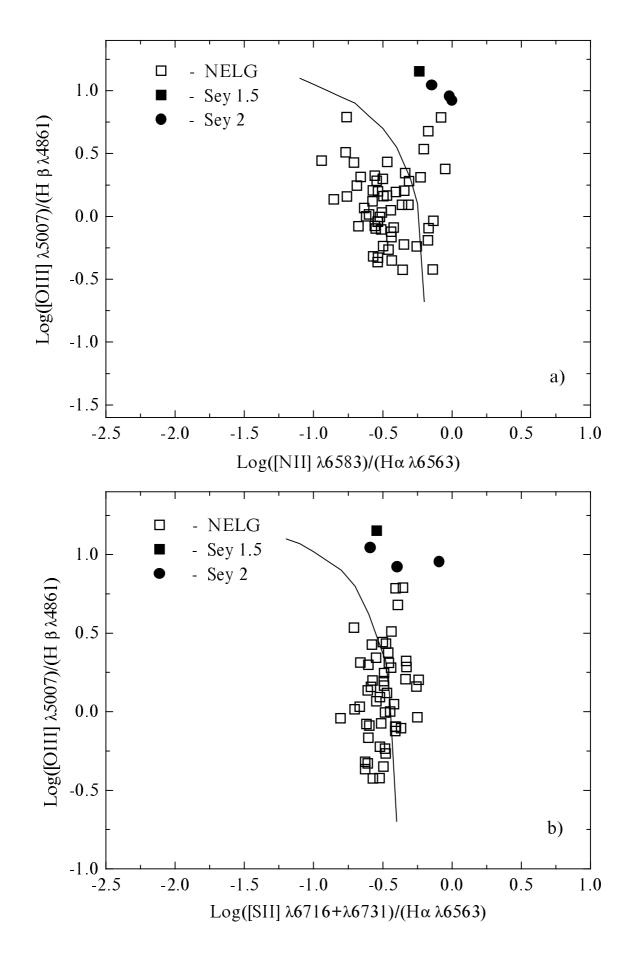


Fig. 3.

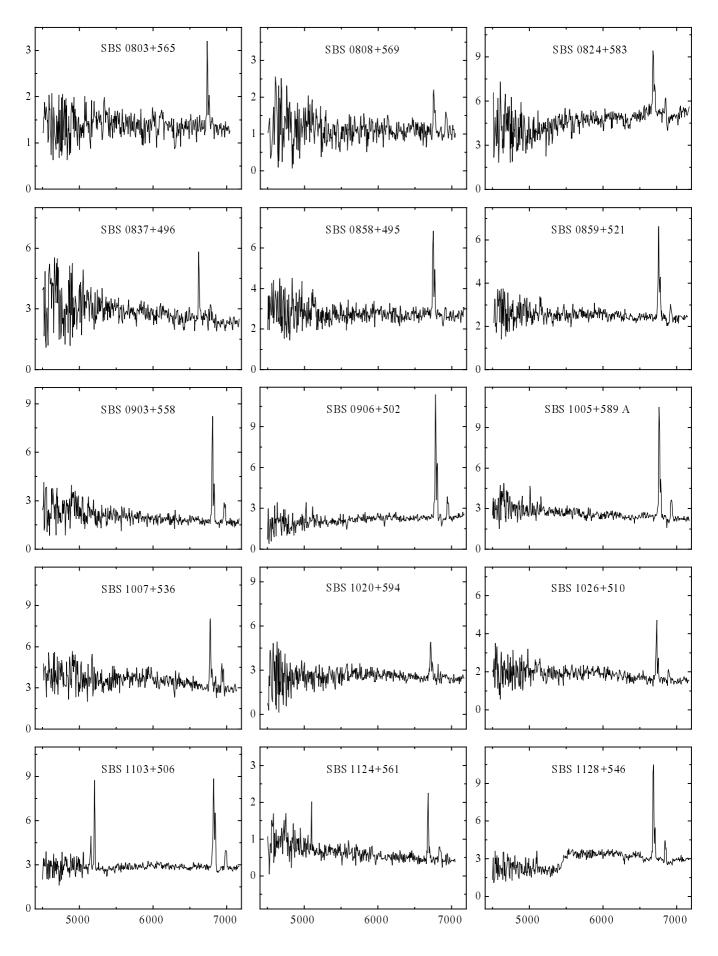


Fig. 4.

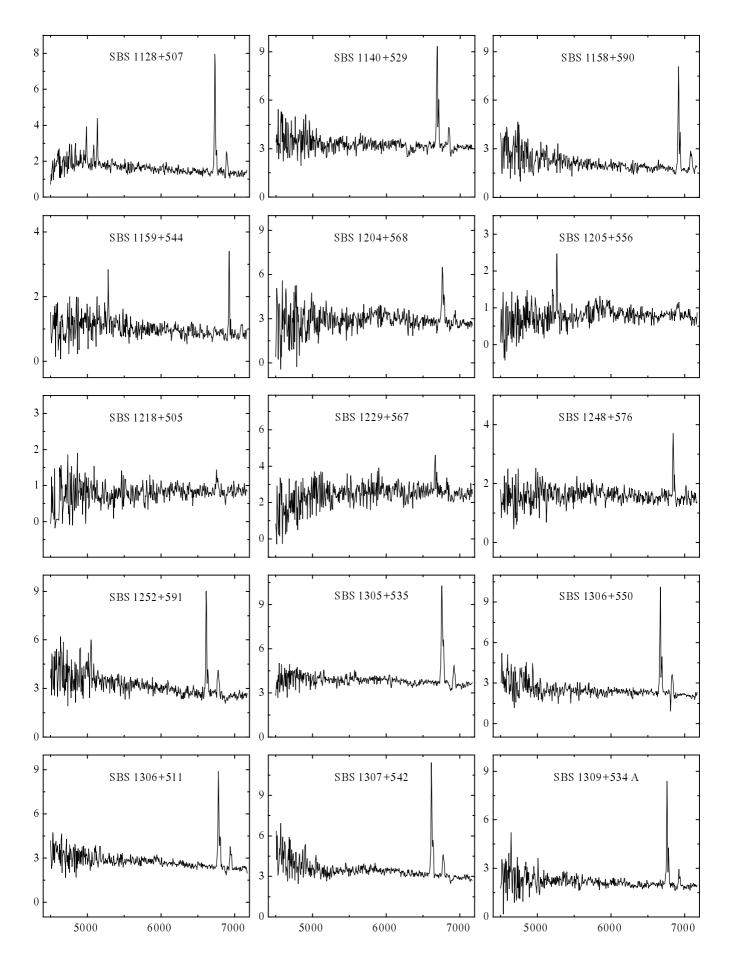


Fig. 5.

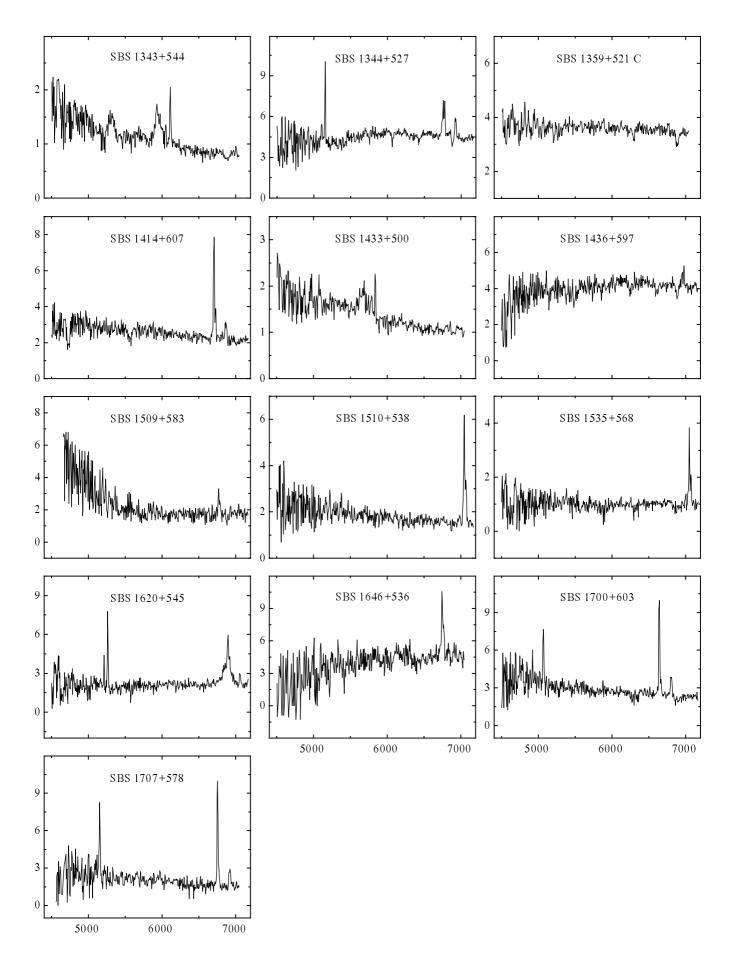


Fig. 6.

Table 1. Journal of observations

SBS	R.A.	Dec.	m	Surv.	Date of	Exp.	Other
designation	2000	2000	pg	type	observation	sec	name
0803+565	08 07 33.23	+56 25 33.6	17	dse	13.04.97	2400	
0808 + 569	$08\ 12\ 01.06$	$+56\ 46\ 59.1$	17	de:	14.04.97	2400	
0824 + 583	$08\ 28\ 52.56$	$+58\ 12\ 14.5$	16.5	de	06.03.97	1200	
0837 + 496	$08\ 41\ 02.59$	$+49\ 25\ 30.9$	$15.7^{*}$	de:	13.03.97	1800	
0858 + 495	$09\ 01\ 35.28$	$+49\ 18\ 38.7$	16.5	$_{ m dse}$	06.03.97	1200	
0859 + 521	$09\ 03\ 28.07$	$+51\ 59\ 00.0$	$15.3^*$	$_{ m dse}$	06.03.97	1200	
0903 + 558	$09\ 06\ 56.89$	$+55\ 39\ 06.8$	16	sde	09.03.97	1200	
0906 + 502	09 10 10.01	$+50\ 02\ 51.0$	$15.1^{*}$	sde	13.03.97	1800	
1005 + 589A	10 08 40.40	$+58\ 43\ 56.6$	16.5	d2	07.03.97	1200	
1007 + 536	10 10 43.10	$+53\ 25\ 14.3$	16	de:	12.03.97	1800	
1020 + 594	$10\ 23\ 50.03$	$+59\ 10\ 26.6$	16	de	13.03.97	1800	
1026 + 510	$10\ 29\ 45.46$	$+50\ 47\ 51.1$	16.5	ds3e	07.03.97	1800	
1103 + 506	$11\ 06\ 21.29$	$+50\ 23\ 18.1$	16.5	sd3e	13.03.97	1800	
1124 + 561	$11\ 27\ 42.38$	$+55\ 55\ 16.1$	16.5	de	13.04.97	2400	
1128 + 546	$11\ 30\ 50.57$	$+54\ 23\ 41.9$	16	de	09.03.97	1800	
1128 + 507	$11\ 30\ 53.18$	$+50\ 30\ 21.8$	16	sd3e	13.03.97	1800	
1140 + 529	$11\ 43\ 27.33$	$+52\ 42\ 39.8$	$15.0^{*}$	sde	09.03.97	1800	NGC 3829
1158 + 590	$12\ 00\ 48.70$	$+58\ 47\ 39.7$	16.5	sd2e	09.03.97	1800	
1159 + 544	$12\ 01\ 57.75$	$+54\ 11\ 11.3$	16	sd2	06.03.97	1200	
1204 + 568	$12\ 06\ 43.51$	$+56\ 32\ 36.0$	16	d3e	07.03.97	1800	
1205 + 556	$12\ 08\ 04.64$	$+55\ 24\ 27.3$	16.5	dse:	08.03.97	2400	
1218 + 505	$12\ 21\ 24.06$	$+50\ 14\ 13.9$	15	de	08.03.97	1800	
1229 + 567	$12\ 32\ 08.03$	$+56\ 28\ 16.0$	14.6	sde	07.03.97	2100	NGC 4511
1248 + 576	$12\ 50\ 50.04$	$+57\ 20\ 40.9$	16	de	14.03.97	1800	
1252 + 591	$12\ 54\ 22.48$	$+58\ 53\ 41.4$	$15.0^{*}$	de	09.03.97	1800	
1305 + 535	$13\ 07\ 41.42$	$+53\ 16\ 35.7$	$15.1^*$	$\mathbf{se}$	09.03.97	1800	
1306 + 550	$13\ 08\ 33.53$	$+54\ 49\ 54.7$	$15.2^*$	de	10.03.97	1800	
1306 + 511	$13\ 09\ 01.85$	$+50\ 51\ 32.0$	15.5	d3e	09.03.97	1800	
1307 + 542	$13\ 09\ 08.75$	$+53\ 56\ 36.1$	15.5	d3e	10.03.97	1200	IZw 52
1309 + 534A	$13\ 11\ 23.72$	$+53\ 11\ 57.4$	$15.5^{*}$	sde	10.03.97	1800	
1343 + 544	$13\ 45\ 16.52$	$+54\ 09\ 25.3$	17.5	s1	11.03.97	2400	
					14.04.97	3600	
1344 + 527	$13\ 46\ 40.78$	$+52\ 28\ 36.2$	15.5	$\mathrm{d}\mathrm{e}$	10.03.97	1200	
1359 + 521C	$14\ 01\ 16.00$	$+51\ 52\ 22.5$	15.4	sd2	12.04.96	720	Mkn 1488
					13.04.97	3600	
1414 + 607	$14\ 15\ 50.58$	$+60\ 28\ 34.7$	16	dse	14.03.97	1800	
1433 + 500	$14\ 35\ 10.20$	$+49\ 48\ 14.6$	17.5	BSO	15.04.97	3600	CSO $670^{\dagger}$ ‡
1436 + 597	$14\ 37\ 40.53$	$+59 \ 34 \ 46.7$	16.0	d3e	14.03.97	1800	
1509 + 583	$15\ 10\ 17.66$	$+58\ 10\ 38.8$	16.5	$_{ m dse}$	08.03.97	1200	
1510 + 538	$15\ 12\ 01.15$	$+53\ 38\ 20.0$	16	$_{ m dse}$	07.03.97	1200	$CG~658^{\dagger}$
1535 + 568	$15\ 36\ 39.48$	$+56\ 41\ 47.7$	16	dse	07.03.97	1800	
1620 + 545	$16\ 21\ 45.01$	$+54\ 27\ 23.8$	16.5	dse:	12.03.97	1200	
1646 + 536	$16\ 47\ 13.54$	$+53\ 33\ 39.9$	16.5	de	06.03.97	1200	
					11.04.97	1200	
1700+603	$17\ 01\ 12.94$	$+60\ 15\ 04.3$	$15.1^{*}$	ds2	09.03.97	1800	
1707 + 578	17 08 35.32	$+57\ 48\ 37.1$	17	$\mathrm{d}\mathrm{e}$	15.04.97	2400	

 $<sup>^{\</sup>ast}~$  Magnitudes taken from Zwicky & Herzog 1966, 1968.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>dagger}$  Sanduleak & Pesch 1987.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>ddagger}~$  Bade at al. 1995.

Table 2. Results of follow-up spectroscopy

SBS	$z_0$	M	$c(H\beta)$	$EW(H_{\beta})$	[OIII]	$H\alpha n$	[NII]	[SII]	Spectral
designation		pg		Å	5007	6563	6584	6717 + 6731	type
0803 + 565	0.0268	-18.6				0.00	-0.28		
0808+569	0.0291	-18.8				0.00	-0.39	-0.10	
0824+583	0.0182	-18.2				0.00	-0.26	-0.58	
0837+496	0.0089	-17.5	0.01	4.6	0.24	0.46	-0.23	-0.03	
0858+495	0.0281	-19.1	0.01		0.24	$0.45 \\ 0.00$	-0.23 -0.34	-0.03 -0.77	
0859+521	0.0294	-20.4		6.2	0.05	0.66	0.16	0.01	
0903+558	0.0376	-20.2	0.63	11.6	$0.03 \\ 0.03$	$0.45 \\ 0.89$	$-0.05 \\ 0.37$	-0.21 $0.44$	
0906+502	0.0337	-20.9	1.32	11.2	-0.01 -0.19	$0.45 \\ 0.81$	$-0.07 \\ 0.47$	-0.03 $0.32$	
1005+589A	0.0307	-19.3	1.07	10.5	-0.22 -0.24	$0.45 \\ 0.68$	$0.11 \\ 0.22$	-0.06 $0.22$	
1007+536	0.0331	-19.9	0.68	7.8	-0.27 $0.17$	$0.45 \\ 0.57$	-0.00 0.08	-0.02 $0.33$	
1020+594	0.0241	-19.2	0.36		0.16	$0.45 \\ 0.00$	-0.04 -0.24	$0.20 \\ 0.44$	
1026+510	0.0255	-18.8		7.4	-0.35	0.47	0.04	-0.03	
1103+506	0.0398	-19.8	0.04	4.9	-0.35 $0.71$	$0.45 \\ 0.82$	$0.02 \\ 0.65$	-0.04 $0.46$	
1124+561	0.0182	-18.1	1.11	11.7	$0.68 \\ 0.21$	$0.45 \\ 0.54$	0.28 -0.03	$0.06 \\ 0.30$	
1128+546	0.0190	-18.7	0.25	7.8	$0.20 \\ 0.23$	$0.45 \\ 0.88$	$0.11 \\ 0.48$	$0.22 \\ 0.41$	
1128+507	0.0257	-19.3	1.28	14.6	$0.19 \\ 0.17$	$0.45 \\ 0.64$	0.05 - 0.12	$-0.04 \\ 0.07$	
1140+529	0.0190	-19.7	0.55		0.16	$0.45 \\ 0.00$	-0.30 -0.30	-0.13 -0.46	
1158+590	0.0543	-20.5		9.1	-0.07	0.77	0.26	0.42	
1159+544	0.0554	-21.0	0.95	10.3	-0.10 $0.44$	$0.45 \\ 0.56$	-0.06 -0.15	0.09 -0.01	
1204+568	0.0308	-19.7	0.32		0.43	$0.45 \\ 0.00$	-0.25 -0.25	-0.12 -0.43	
1205+556	0.0517	-20.3				0.00	0.30	-0.19	Sy2:
1218+505	0.0286	-20.6				0.00	0.12	-0.44	
1229+567	0.0158	-19.7				0.00	-0.45	-0.24	
1248+576	0.0430	-20.4				0.00	-0.64	-0.64	
1252+591	0.0085	-17.9		10.5	0.29	0.53	-0.02	0.20	
1305+535	0.0300	-20.6	0.21		0.28	$0.45 \\ 0.00$	-0.09 -0.27	0.13 -0.58	

Table 2. (continued)

SBS	$z_0$	M	$c(H\beta)$	$EW(H_{\beta})$	[OIII]	$H\alpha n$	[NII]	[SII]	Spectral
designation		pg		Å	5007	6563	6584	6717 + 6731	type
+550	0.0166	-19.2		10.9		0.70	0.36	0.21	
1306+511	0.0334	-20.4	1.00	5.9	0.08	0.80	0.36	0.40	
1307+542	0.0082	-17.3	1.03	8.8	0.05 -0.22	$0.45 \\ 0.66$	$0.01 \\ 0.17$	$0.04 \\ 0.20$	
1309+534A	0.0306	-20.2	0.63	11.7	-0.24	$0.45 \\ 0.61$	-0.04 $0.21$	$-0.03 \\ 0.07$	
1343+544	0.2212	-22.5							Sy1
1344+527	0.0300	-20.2			0.33	0.00	0.27	0.12	Sy2:
1359+521C	0.0076	-17.3							
1414+607	0.0220	-19.0	1.40	4.0		0.95	0.34	0.44	
1433+500	0.1660	-21.9	1.49			0.45	-0.16	-0.08	Sy1
1436+597	0.0603	-21.2				0.00	0.16		Sy2:
1509+583	0.0319	-19.3				0.00	-0.18	-0.41	
1510+538	0.0742	-21.7	0.15	9.0		-0.19	0.51	0.25	
1535+568	0.0747	-21.7	0.15	8.6		-0.24 -0.19	0.45 0.49	0.20 0.32	
1620+545	0.0516	-20.4	0.11	18.9	1.10	-0.19 1.12	0.45 0.99	0.28 0.58	Sy2
1646+536	0.0282	-19.1	1.93		1.04	$0.49 \\ 0.00$	0.35 -0.20	$0.35 \\ 0.07$	
1700+603	0.0129	-18.9		9.5	0.45	0.66	0.20	0.20	
1707+578	0.0297	-18.8	0.63 0.45	16.8	$0.43 \\ 0.52 \\ 0.51$	$0.45 \\ 0.60 \\ 0.45$	-0.01 -0.16 -0.31	-0.01 0.18 0.02	